Perspective from the Multilateral Fund for the Implementation of the Montreal Protocol on data reporting

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Reporting under the Montreal Protocol

- Compliance obligations under the Montreal Protocol relate to *consumption and production* (vice emissions)
- Kigali Amendment added compliance measures related to HFC-23 *emissions*
- Article 4B: system for licensing import and export of controlled substances
- Article 5: special situation of developing countries
- Article 7: reporting of data
  - Data on consumption and production of controlled substances and, separately for each substance:
    - Amounts used for feedstocks; amounts destroyed by technologies approved by the Parties; imports from and exports to Parties and non-Parties
  - Agreed format and deadlines
- Article 10: financial mechanism
Reporting under the Country Programme (CP)

- Reporting of consumption and production at sector-level, by substance
- Agreed format and deadline
- Article 7 = all Parties. CP data = Article 5 Parties seeking assistance under the Multilateral Fund
  - Institutional strengthening to support national ozone units
- Submission of CP data is a precondition for the approval and release of funding for projects (decision 52/5(f))
  - Request not to submit project proposals which showed inconsistencies between project and CP data (decision 34/18(a))
  - Request to verify consistency of A7, CP, and project data, prior to transmitting projects to Secretariat for review (decision 41/16)

Key lessons:

1. Top-down plus bottom-up = invaluable
2. Institutional strengthening = invaluable
Institutional strengthening: national ozone units (NOUs)

- One of the pillars of the Montreal Protocol
- Multilateral Fund supports institutional strengthening projects in 145 countries
  - Less than 4% of total funding so far approved
- NOUs have become instrumental in meeting the binding obligations under the Protocol
  - Bring together key players from Government, industry, refrigeration servicing sector, trade organizations, training institutions and the public.
  - Data reporting under A7 to Ozone Secretariat and CP data to Fund Secretariat
  - Responsible for following up decisions adopted by ExCom and the Parties
  - Assist in developing regulations and licensing systems -- critical in enabling phase-out
  - Assist in organizing training of custom officers continuously – which has contributed to reporting accurate data, reducing illegal trade and assisting compliance
  - Work with agencies to assess country needs and identify priorities, and take ownership of the process of developing and implementing projects
  - Responsible for ensuring timely implementation of approved projects and to meet compliance under the Montreal Protocol
  - Coordinate and monitor progress on implementation of approved projects
Additional reporting, monitoring and evaluation

- Performance-based agreements
  - Annual progress report
  - Detailed progress report in tranche submissions
  - Independent verification

- Monitoring and evaluation (independent)

- Multilateral Fund climate impact indicator
  - Simple tool to compare climate impact of alternate technologies
  - Estimates both direct and indirect impact
  - Does not replace detailed analysis of performance of converted equipment

- New challenge: compliance measures on HFC-23 as reflected in the Kigali Amendment